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NOTIFICATION

No.H.12017/55/2014-LJD, the 25th May, 2015. The following Act is hereby re-published for general information.

The Constitution (Ninety-ninth Amendment) Act, 2014

Zahmingthanga Ralte, Joint Secretary to the Govt. of Mizoram.

THE CONSTITUTION (NINETY-NINTH AMENDMENT) ACT, 2014 AN ACT

further to amend the Constitution of India.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Sixty-fifth Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

1. (1) This Act may be called the Constitution (Ninety-ninth Amendment) Act, 2014.

Short title and commencement

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

2. In article 124 of the Constitution, in clause (2),-

(a) for the words "after consultation with such of the Judges of the Supreme Court and of the High Courts in the States as the President may deem necessary for the purpose", the words, figures and letter "on the recommendation of the National Judicial Appointments Commission referred to in article 124A" shall be substituted;

(b) the first proviso shall be omitted;

Amendment of article 124.

(c) in the second proviso, for the words, "Provided further that", the words "Provided that" shall be substituted.

3. After article 124 of the Constitution, the following articles shall be inserted, namely:-

"124A. (1) There shall be a Commission to be known as the National Judicial Appointments Commission consisting of the following, namely:-

(a) the Chief Justice of India, Chaiperson, ex officio;

(b) two other senior Judges of the Supreme Court next to the Chief Justice of India - Members, ex officio;

(c) the Union Minister in charge of Law and Justice - Mem ber, *ex officio*;

(d) two eminent persons to be nominated by the committee consisting of the Prime Minister, the Chief Justice of India and the Leader of Opposition in the House of the People or where there is no such Leader of Opposition, then, the Leader of single largest Opposition Party in the House of the People - Members:

Provided that one of the eminent person shall be nominated from amongst the persons belonging to the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes, Other Backward Classes, Minorities or Women:

Provided further that an eminent person shall be nominated for a period of three years and shall not be eligible for renomination.

(2) No act or proceedings of the National Judicial Appointments Commission shall be questioned or be invalidated merely on the ground of the existence of any vacancy or defect in the constitution of the Commission.

Functions of 124B. It shall be the duty of the National Judicial Appointments Com-Commission mission to-

> (a) recommend persons for appointment as Chief Justice of India, Judges of the Supreme Court, Chief Justices of High Courts and other Judges of High Courts;

(b) recommend transfer of Chief Justices and other Judges of High Courts from one High Court to any other High Court; and

(c) ensure that the person recommended is of ability and integrity.

Power of Par-124C. Parliament may, by law, regulate the procedure for the apliament to pointment of Chief Justice of India and other Judges of the Supreme Court and Chief Justices and other Judges of High Courts and empower the Commission to lay down by regulations the procedure for the discharge of its

Insertion of new articles 124A, 124B and 124C.

National Judicial Appointments Commission

make law.

functions, the manner of selection of persons for appointment and such other matters as may be considered necessary by it.".

4. In article 127 of the Constitution, in clause (1), for the words "the Chief Justice of India may, with the previous consent of the President", the words "the National Judicial Appointments Commission on a reference made to it by the Chief Justice of India, may with the previous consent of the President" shall be substituted.

5. In article 128 of the Constitution, for the words "the Chief Justice of India", the words "the National Judicial Appointments Commission" shall be substituted.

6. In article 217 of the Constitution, in clause (1), for the portion Amendment beginning with the words "after consultation", and ending with the words "the High Court", the words, figures and letter "on the recommendation of the National Judicial Appointments Commission referred to in article 124A" shall be substituted.

7. In article 222 of the Constitution, in clause (1), for the words "after consultation with the Chief Justice of India", the words, figures and letter "on the recommendation of the National Judicial Appointment Commission referred to in article 124A" shall be substituted.

8. In article 224 of the Constitution,-

(a) in clause (1), for the words "the President may appoint", the words "the President may, in consultation with the National Judicial Appointments Commission, appoint" shall be substituted.

(b) in clause (2), for the words "the President may appoint", the words "the President may, in consultation with the National Judicial Appointments Commission, appoint" shall be substituted.

9. In article 224A of the Constitution, for the words "the Chief Justice Amendment of a High Court for any State may at any time, with the previous consent of the President", the words "the National Judicial Appointments Commission on a reference made to it by the Chief Justice of a High Court for any State, may with the previous consent of the President" shall be substituted.

10. In article 231 of the Constitution, in clause (2), sub-clause (a)Amendmentshall be omitted.of article 231.