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NOTIFICATION

No.H.12017/55/2012-LJD, the 5th June, 2013. The following Central Act is hereby republished for general information.

The Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2013 No 13 of 2013.

> **Zahmingthanga Ralte,** Deputy Secretary to the Govt. of Mizoram.

MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 2nd April, 2013/Chaitra 12, 1935 (Saka)

The following Act of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 2nd April, 2013, and is hereby published for general information:—

THE CRIMINAL LAW (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2013 No. 13 of 2013

[2ndApril, 2013]

An Act further to amend the Indian Penal Code, the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 and the Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Sixty-fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

CHAPTER I

Preliminary

1. (1) This Act may be called the Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2013.

Short title and commencement

(2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the 3rd day of February, 2013.

CHAPTER II

Amendments to the Indian Penal Code

45 of 1860 2. In the Indian Penal Code (hereafter in this Chapter referred to as Amendment of the Penal Code), in section 100, after clause Sixthly, the following section 100. clause shall be inserted, namely:----"Seventhly.—An act of throwing or administering acid or an attempt to throw or administer acid which may reasonably cause the apprehension that grievous hurt will otherwise be the consequence of such act.". Insertion of new 3. After section 166 of the Penal Code, the following sections shall sections 166A be inserted, namely:---and 166B Public servant "I66A. Whoever, being a public servant,--disobeying (a) knowingly disobeys any direction of the law which prodirection under law hibits him from requiring the attendance at any place of any person for the purpose of investigation into an offence or any other matter, or (b) knowingly disobeys, to the prejudice of any person, any other direction of the law regulating the manner in which he shall conduct such investigation, or (c) fails to record any information given to him under subsection (1) of section 154 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, 2 of 1974 in relation to cognizable offence punishable under section 326A, section 326B, section 354, section 354B, section 370, section 370A, section 376, section 376A, section 376B, section 376C, section 376D, section 376E or section 509, shall be punished with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than six months but which may extend to two years, and shall also be liable to fine. Punishment for 166B. Whoever, being in charge of a hospital, public or private, whether non-treatment of run by the Central Government, the State Government, local bodies 2 of 1974 victim. or any other person, contravenes the provisions of section 357C of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine or with both.". Amendment of 4. In section 228A of the Penal Code, in sub-section (1), for the section 228A words, figures and letters "offence under section 376, section 376A,

	section 376B, section 376C or section 376D", !he words, figures and letters "offence under section 376, section 376A, section 376B, section 376C, section 376D or section 376E" shall be substituted.	
Insertion of new sections 326A and 326B.	5. After section 326 of the Penal Code, the following sections shall be inserted, namely:—	
Voluntarily causing grievous hurt by use of acid, etc.	'326A. Whoever causes permanent or partial damage or deformity to, or burns or maims or disfigures or disables, any part or parts of the body of a person or causes grievous hurt by throwing acid on or by administering acid to that person, or by using any other means with the intention of causing or with the knowledge that he is likely to cause such injury or hurt, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than ten years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and with fine:	
	Provided that such fine shall be just and reasonable to meet the medical expenses of the treatment of the victim:	
	Provided further that any fine imposed under this section shall be paid to the victim.	
Voluntarily throwing or attempting to throw acid	326B. Whoever throws or attempts to throw acid on any person or attempts to administer acid to any person, or attempts to use any other means, with the intention of causing permanent or partial dam- age or deformity or burns or maining or disfigurement or disability or grievous hurt to that person, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than five years but which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine.	
	<i>Explanation I.</i> —For the purposes of section 326A and this section, "acid" includes any substance which has acidic or corrosive character or burning nature, that is capable of causing bodily injury leading to scars or disfigurement or temporary or permanent disability.	
	<i>Explanation 2.</i> — For the purposes of section 326A and this section, permanent or partial damage or deformity shall not be required to be irreversible.'.	
	6. In section 354 of the Penal Code, for the words "shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to two years, or with fine, or with both", the words "shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than one year but which may extend to five years, and shall also be liable to fine" shall be substituted.	Amemdment of section 354.
	7. After section 354 of the Penal Code, the following sections shall be inserted, namely:—	Insertion of new sections 354A

Insertion of new sections 354A, 354B. 354C and 354D.

'354 A. (1) A man committing any of the following acts—

(i) physical contact and advances involving unwelcome and explicit sexual overtures; or

(ii) a demand or request for sexual favours; or

(iii) showing pornography against the will of a woman; or

(iv) making sexually coloured remarks,

shall be guilty of the offence of sexual harassment.

(2) Any man who commits the offence specified in clause (i) or clause (ii) or clause (iii) of sub-section (1) shall be punished with rigorous imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine, or with both.

(3) Any man who commits the offence specified in clause (iv) of sub-section (1) shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both.

354B. Any man who assaults or uses criminal force to any woman or abets such act with the intention of disrobing or compelling her to be naked, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than three years but which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine.

354C. Any man who watches, or captures the image of a woman engaging in a private act in circumstances where she would usually have the expectation of not being observed either by the perpetrator or by any other person at the behest of the perpetrator or disseminates such image shall be punished on first conviction with imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than one year, but which may extend to three years, and shall also be liable to fine, and be punished on a second or subsequent conviction, with imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than three years, but which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine.

Explanation I—For the purpose of this section, "private act" includes an act of watching carried out in a place which, in the circumstances, would reasonably be expected to provide privacy and where the victim's genitals, posterior or breasts are exposed or covered only in underwear; or the victim is using a lavatory; or the victim is doing a sexual act that is not of a kind ordinarily done in public.

Explanation 2.—Where the victim consents to the capture of the images or any act, but not to their dissemination to third persons and where such image or act is disseminated, such dissemination shall be considered an offence under this section.

Sexual harassment and punishment for sexual harassment.

Assault or use of criminal force to woman with intent to disrobe.

Voyeurism

354D. (I) Any man who—

(i) follows a woman and contacts, or attempts to contact such woman to foster personal interaction repeatedly despite a clear indication of disinterest by such woman; or

(ii) monitors the use by a woman of the internet, email or any other form of electronic communication, commits the offence of stalking:

Provided that such conduct shall not amount to stalking if the man who pursued it proves that—

(i) it was pursued for the purpose of preventing or detecting crime and the man accused of stalking had been entrusted with the responsibility of prevention and detection of crime by the State; or

(ii) it was pursued under any law or to comply with any condition or requirement imposed by any person under any law; or

(iii) in the particular circumstances such conduct was reasonable and justified.

(2) Whoever commits the offence of stalking shall be punished on first conviction with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to three years, and shall also be liable to fine; and be punished on a second or subsequent conviction, with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to five years, and shall also be liable to fine.'.

8. For section 370 of the Penal Code, the following sections shall be substituted, namely:—

'370. (1) Whoever, for the purpose of exploitation, (a) recruits, (b) transports, (c) harbours, (d) transfers, or (e) receives, a person or persons, by—

First.— using threats, or

Secondly.— using force, or any other form of coercion, or Thirdly.— by abduction, or

Fourthly.- by practising fraud, or deception, or

Fifthly.— by abuse of power, or

Sixthly.— by inducement, including the giving or receiving of payments or benefits, in order to achieve the consent of any person having control over the person recruited, transported, harboured, transferred or received,

commits the offence of trafficking.

Stalking

Substitution of new sections 370 and 370A for section 370. Trafficking of

person

Explanation 1.—The expression "exploitation" shall include any act of physical exploitation or any form of sexual exploitation, slavery or practices similar to slavery, servitude, or the forced removal of organs.

Explanation 2.—The consent of the victim is immaterial in determination of the offence of trafficking.

(2) Whoever commits the offence of trafficking shall be punished with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than seven years, but which may extend to ten years, and shall also be liable to fine.

(3) Where the offence involves the trafficking of more than one person, it shall be punishable with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than ten years but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine.

(4) Where the offence involves the trafficking of a minor, it shall be punishable with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than ten years, but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine.

(5) Where the offence involves the trafficking of more than one minor, it shall be punishable with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than fourteen years, but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine.

(6) If a person is convicted of the offence of trafficking of minor on more than one occasion, then such person shall be punished with imprisonment for life, which shall mean imprisonment for the remainder of that person's natural life, and shall also be liable to fine.

(7) When a public servant or a police officer is involved in the trafficking of any person then, such public servant or police officer shall be punished with imprisonment for life, which shall mean imprisonment for the remainder of that person's natural life, and shall also be liable to fine.

370A. (1) Whoever, knowingly or having reason to believe that a minor has been trafficked, engages such minor for sexual exploitation in any manner, shall be punished with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than five years, but which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine. Exploitation of a trafficked person

Substitution of

new sections for

sections 375, 376, 376A, 376B, 376C and 376D.

Rape

(2) Whoever, knowingly by or having reason to believe that a person has been trafficked, engages such person for sexual exploitation in any manner, shall be punished with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than three years, but which may extend to five years, and shall also be liable to fine.'.

9. For sections 375,376,376A, 376B, 376C and sections 376D of the Penal Code, the following shall be substituted, namely:—

'375. A man is said to commit "rape" if he-

(a) penetrates his penis, to any extent, into the vagina, mouth, urethra or anus of a woman or makes her to do so with him or any other person; or

(b) inserts, to any extent, any object or a part of the body, not being the penis, into the vagina, the urethra or anus of a woman or makes her to do so with him or any other person; or

(c) manipulates any part of the body of a woman so as to cause penetration into the vagina, urethra, anus or any part of body of such woman or makes her to do so with him or any other person; or

(d) applies his mouth to the vagina, anus, urethra of a woman or makes her to do so with him or any other person, under the circumstances failling under any of the following seven descriptions:—

First.—Against her will.

Secondly.—Without her consent.

Thirdly.---With her consent, when her consent has been obtained by putting her or any person in whom she is interested, in fear of death or of hurt.

Fourthly. — With her consent, when the man knows that he is not her husband and that her consent is given because she believes that he is another man to whom she is or believes herself to be law-fully married.

Fifthly.—With her consent when, at the time of giving such consent, by reason of unsoundness of mind or intoxication or the administration by him personally or through another of any stupefying or unwholesome substance, she is unable to understand the nature and consequences of that to which she gives consent.

Sixthly.—With or without her consent, when she is under eighteen years of age.

Seventhly.—When she is unable to communicate consent.

Explanation 1.—For the purposes of this section, "vagina" shall also include labia majora.

Explanation 2.—Consent means an unequivocal voluntary agreement when the woman by words, gestures or any form of verbal or non-verbal communication, communicates willingness to participate in the specific sexual act:

Provided that a woman who does not physically resist to the act of penetration shall not by the reason only of that fact, be regarded as consenting to the sexual activity.

Exception 1.—A medical procedure or intervention shall not constitute rape.

Exception 2.—Sexual intercourse or sexual acts by a man with his own wife, the wife not being under fifteen years of age, is not rape.'.

376. (1) Whoever, except in the cases provided for in sub-section (2), commits rape, shall be punished with rigorous imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than seven years, but which may extend to imprisonment for life, and shall also be liable to fine.

(2) Whoever,—

(a) being a police officer, commits rape—

(i) within the limits of the police station to which such police officer is appointed; or

(ii) in the premises of any station house; or

(iii) on a woman in such police officer's custody or in the custody of a police officer subordinate to such police of ficer; or

(b) being a public servant, commits rape on a woman in such public servant's custody or in the custody of a public servant subordinate to such public servant; or

(c) being a member of the armed forces deployed in an area by the Central or a State Government commits rape in such area; or

(d) being on the management or on the staff of a jail, remand home or other place of custody established by or under any law for the time being in force or of a women's or children's institution, commits rape on any inmate of such jail, remand home, place or institution; or

Punishment for rape

(e) being on the management or on the staff of a hospital, commits rape on a woman in that hospital; or

(f) being a relative, guardian or teacher of, or a person in a position of trust or authority towards the woman, commits rape on such woman; or

(g) commits rape during communal or sectarian violence; or

(h) commits rape on a woman knowing her to be pregnant; or

(i) commits rape on a woman when she is under sixteen years of age; or

(j) commits rape, on a woman incapable of giving consent; or

(k) being in a position of control or dominance over a woman, commits rape on such woman; or

(1) commits rape on a woman suffering from mental or physical disability; or

(m) while committing rape causes grievous bodily harm or maims or disfigures or endangers the life of a woman; or

(n) commits rape repeatedly on the same woman, shall be punished with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than ten years, but which may extend to imprisonment for life, which shall mean imprisonment for the remainder of that person's natural life, and shall also be liable to fine.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section,—

(a) "armed forces" means the naval, military and air forces and includes any member of the Armed Forces constituted under any law for the time being in force, including the paramilitary forces and any auxiliary forces that are under the control of the Central Government or the State Government;

(b) "hospital" means the precincts of the hospital and includes the precincts of any institution for the reception and treatment of persons during convalescence or of persons requiring medical attention or rehabilitation;

(c) "police officer" shall have the same meaning as assigned to the expression "police" under the Police Act, 1861; (d) "women's or children's institution" means an institution, whether called an orphanage or a home for neglected women or children or a widow's home or an institution called by any other name, which is established and maintained for the reception and care of women or children.

376A. Whoever, commits an offence punishable under subsection (1) or sub-section (2) of section 376 and in the course of such commission inflicts an injury which causes the death of the woman or causes the woman to be in a persistent vegetative state, shall be punished with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than twenty years, but which may extend to imprisonment for life, which shall mean imprisonment for the remainder of that person's natural life, or with death.

376B. Whoever has sexual intercourse with his own wife, who is living separately, whether under a decree of separation or otherwise, without her consent, shall be punished with imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than two years but which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine.

Explanation.—In this section, "sexual intercourse" shall mean any of the acts mentioned in clauses (a) to (d) of section 375.

376C. Whoever, being-

(a) in a position of authority or in a fiduciary relationship; or(b) a public servant; or

(c) superintendent or manager of a jail, remand home or other place of custody established by or under any law for the time being in force, or a women's or children's institution; or

(d) on the management of a hospital or being on the staff of a hospital, abuses such position or fiduciary relationship to induce or seduce any woman either in his custody or under his charge or present in the premises to have sexual intercourse with him, such sexual intercourse not amounting to the offence of rape, shall be punished with rigorous imprisonment of either description for a term which shall not be less than five years, but which may extend to ten years, and shall also be liable to fine.

Explanation I.-In this section, "sexual intercourse" shall mean any of the acts mentioned in clauses (a) to (d) of section 375.

Explanation 2. -for the purposes of this section, Explanation 1 to section 375 shall also be applicable.

Explanation 3.—"Superintendent", in relation to a jail, remand home or other place of custody or a women's or children's institution, includes a person holding any other office in such jail, remand home, place or institution by virtue of which such person can exercise any authority or control over its inmates. Punishment for causing death or resulting in persistent vegetative state of victim.

Sexual intercourse by husband upon his wife during separation.

Sexual intercourse by a person in authority

Explanation 4.-The expressions "hospital" and "women's or children's institution" shall respectively have the same meaning as in Explanation to sub-section (2) of section 376.

Gang rape

for repeat

offenders.

509.

376D. Where a woman is raped by one or more persons constituting a group or acting in furtherance of a common intention, each of those persons shall be deemed to have committed the offence of rape and shall be punished with rigorous imprisonment for a term which shall not be less than twenty years, but which may extend to life which shall mean imprisonment for the remainder of that person's natural life, and with fine:

Provided that such fine shall be just and reasonable to meet the medical expenses and rehabilitation of the victim:

Provided further that any fine imposed under this section shall be paid to the victim.

Punishment 376E. Whoever has been previously convicted of an offence punishable under section 376 or section 376A or section 376D and is subsequently convicted of an offence punishable under any of the said sections shall be punished with imprisonment for life which shall mean imprisonment for the remainder of that person's natural life, or with death.'.

Amendment 10. In section 509 of the Penal Code, for the words "shall be of section punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both", the words "shall be punished with simple imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, and also with fine" shall be substituted.

CHAPTER III

Amendments ro the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973

Amendment	11. In the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (hereafter in	2 of 1974.
of section 26.	this Chapter referred to as the Code of Criminal Procedure), in sec-	
	tion 26, in the proviso to clause (a), for the words, figures and letters	
	"offence under section 376 and sections 376A to 376D of the Indian	45 - 61000
	Penal Code", the words, figures and letters "offence under section	45 of 1860
	376, section 376A, section 376B, section 376C, section 376D or sec-	
	tion 376E of the Indian Penal Code" shall be substituted.	
Amendment of section 54 A	12. In section 54A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the following provisos shall be inserted, namely:	

45 of 1860

45 of 1860

"Provided that, if the person identifying the person arrested is mentally or physically disabled, such process of identification shall take place under the supervision of a Judicial Magistrate who shall take appropriate steps to ensure that such person identifies the person arrested using methods that person is comfortable with:

Provided further that if the person identifying the person arrested is mentally or physically disabled, the identification process shall be videographed.".

13. In section 154 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, in subsection (1), the following provisos shall be inserted, namely: —

"Provided that if the information is given by the woman against whom an offence under section 326A, section 326B, section 354, section 354A, section 354B, section 354C, section 354D, section 376, section 376A, section 376B, section 376C, section 376D, section 376E or section 509 of the Indian Penal Code is alleged to have been committed or attempted, then such information shall be recorded, by a woman police officer or any woman officer:

Provided further that-

(a) in the event that the person against whom an offence under section 354. section 354 A, section 354B, section 354C, section 354D, section 376, section 376A. section 376B, section 376C, section 376D, section 376E or section 509 of the Indian Penal Code is alleged to have been committed or attempted, is temporarily or permanently mentally or physically disabled, then such information shall be recorded by a police officer, at the residence of the person seeking to report such offence or at a convenient place of such person's choice, in the presence of an interpreter or a special educator, as the case may be;

(b) the recording of such information shall be videographed;

(c) the police officer shall get the statement of the person recorded by a Judicial Magistrate under clause (a) of sub-section (5A) of section 164 as soon as possible.".

14. In section 160 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, in sub-section (1), in the proviso, for the words "under the age of fifteen years or woman", the words "under'the age of fifteen years or above the age of sixty-five years or a woman or a mentally or physically disabled person" shall be substituted.

15. In section 161 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, in sub-section (3), after the proviso, the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

Amendment of section 154.

Amendment of section 160.

Amendment of section 161.

45 of 1860	"Provided further that the statement of a woman against whom an offence under section 354, section 354A, section 354B. section 354C, section 354D, section 376, section 376A, section 376B, section 376C, section 376D, section 376E or section 509 of the In- dian Penal Code is alleged to have been committed or attempted shall be recorded, by a woman police officer or any woman officer.".	
	16. In section 164 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, after sub-section (5). the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—	Amendment of section 164.
45 of 1860	"(5A)(a) In cases punishable under section 354, section 354A, section 354B, section 354C. section 354D, sub-section (1) or sub- section (2) of section 376, section 376A, section 376B, section 376C, section 376D. section 376E or section 509 of the Indian Penal Code, the Judicial Magistrate shall record the statement of the person against whom such offence has been committed in the manner prescribed in sub-section (5). as soon as the commission of the offence is brought to the notice of the police:	
	Provided that if the person making the statement is tempo- rarily or permanently mentally or physically disabled, the Magistrate shall take the assistance of an interpreter or a special educator in recording the statement:	
	Provided further that if the person making the statement is temporarily or permanently mentally or physically disabled, the state- ment made by the person, with the assistance of an interpreter or a special educator, shall be videographed.	
	(b) A statement recorded under clause (a) of a person, who is temporarily or permanently mentally or physically disabled, shall be considered a statement in lieu of examination-in-chief, as speci- fied in section 137 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 such that the maker of the statement can be cross-examined on such statement, without the need for recording the same at the time of trial.".	1 of 1872
Amendment of section 173.	17. In section 173 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, in sub-section (2), in sub-clause (h) of clause (i), for the words, figures and letter "or 376D of the Indian Penal Code", the words, figures and letters "376D or section 376E of the Indian Penal Code" shall be substituted.	45 of 1860
Amendment of section 197.	18. in section 197 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, after sub-section (1), the following <i>Explanation</i> shall be inserted, namely:—	
	<i>"Explanation.</i> —For the removal of doubts it is hereby de- clared that no sanction shall be required in case of a public servant accused of any offence alleged to have been committed under sec- tion 166A, section 166B, section 354, section 354A, section 354B, section 354C, section 354D, section 370, section 375, section 376,	

Ex-279/2013	Ex-	279	/20)13	3
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Ex-279/2013	14	
	section 376A, section 376C, section 376D or section 509 of the Indian Penal Code.".	45 of 1860.
Insertion of new section 198B.	19. After section 198A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—	
Cognizance of offence.	"198B. No Court shall take cognizance of an offence pun- ishable under section 376B of the Indian Penal Code where the per- sons are in a marital relationship, except upon prima facie satisfac- tion of the facts which constitute the offence upon a complaint hav- ing been filed or made by the wife against the husband.".	45 of 1860.
Amendment of section 273.	20. In section 273 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, be- fore the Explanation, the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:—	
	"Provided that where the evidence of a woman below the age of eighteen years who is alleged to have been subjected to rape or any other sexual offence, is to be recorded, the court may take appropriate measures to ensure that such woman is not confronted by the accused while at the same time ensuring the right of cross- examination of the accused.".	
Amendment of section 309.	21. In section 309 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—	
	"(1) In every inquiry or trial the proceedings shall be contin- ued from day-to-day until all the witnesses in attendance have been examined, unless the Court finds the adjournment of the same be- yond the following day to be necessary for reasons to be recorded:	
	Provided that when the inquiry or trial relates to an offence under section 376, section 376A, section 376B, section 376C or sec- tion 376D of the Indian Penal Code, the inquiry or trial shall, as far as possible be completed within a period of two months from the date of filing of the charge sheet.".	45 of 1860.
Amendment of section 327.	22. In section 327 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, in sub-section (2), for the words, figures and letter "or section 376D of the Indian Penal Code", the words, figures and letters "section 376D or section 376E of the Indian Penal Code" shall be substituted.	45 of 1860.
Insertion of new sections 357B and 357C	23. After section 357A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the following sections shall be inserted, namely: —	

Compensation to be "357B The compensation payable by the State Government 45 of 1860. in addition to fine under section 357A shall be in addition to the payment of fine to the under section 326A victim under section 326A or section 376D of the Indian Penal Code. or section 376D of Indian Penal Code. Treatment of 357C. All hospitals, public or private, whether run by the victims Central Government, the State Government, local bodies or any other person, shall immediately, provide the first-aid or medical treatment, 45 of 1860. free of cost, to the victims of any offence covered under section 326A, 376, 376A, 376B, 376C, 376D or section 376E of the Indian

Penal Code, and shall immediately inform the police of such inci-

dent.".

Ex-279/2013

10	6	

1	2	3	4	5	6
"354B	Assault or use of criminal force to woman with intent to disrobe	Imprisonment of not less than 3 years but which may extend to 7 years and with fine.	Cognizable	Non- bailable	Any Magistrate
354C	Voyeurism	Imprisonment of ot less than 1 year but which may extend to 3 years and with fine for first conviction.	Cognizable	Bailable	Any Magistrate
		Imprisonment of not less than 3 years but which may extend to 7 years and with fine for second or subsequent conviction.	Cognizable	Non- bailable	Any Magistrate
354D	Stalking	Imprisonment up to 3 years and with fine for first conviction.	Cognizable	Bailable	Any Magistrate
		Imprisonment up to 5 years and with fine for second or subsequent conviction.	Cognizable	Non bailable	Any Magistrate.".
		ing to section 370, the follow		be substituted	
1	2	3	4	5	6
"370	Trafficking of person	Imprisonment of not less than 7 years but which may extend to 10 years and with fine.	Cognizable	Non- bailable	Court of Session
	Trafficking of more than one person.	Imprisonment of not less than 10 years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and with fine.	Cognizable	Non- bailable	Court of Session
	Trafficking of a minor	Imprisonment of not less than 10 years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and with fine.	Cognizable	Non- bailable	Court of Session

	Trafficking of more than one minor	Imprisonment of not less than 14 years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and with fine.	Cognizable	Non-Bailab	le Court of Session
45 of 1860	"IOFFENCES UNDER	e to the Code of Criminal THE INDIAN PENAL CO es relating to section 166	DDE",-	-	Amendment of First Schedule
1	inserted, namely:	-			
1	2	3	4	5	6
"166A	Public servant disobeying direction under law	Imprisonment for minimum 6 months which may extend to 2 years and fine.	Cognizable	Bailable	Magistrate of the first class
166B	Non-treatment of victim by hospital	Imprisonment for 1 year or fine or both	Non- cognizable	Bailable	Magistrate of the first class.".
	(b) after the entries relat	ting to section 326, the fo	llowing entries sł	nall be inserted, n	amely:-
1	2	3	4	5	6
"326A	Voluntarily causing grievous hurt by use of acid, etc.	Imprisonment for not less than 10 years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and fine to be paid to the victim.	Cognizable	Non-bailable	Court of Session
326B	Voluntarily throwing or attempting to throw acid	Imprisonment for 5 years but which may extend to 7 years and with fine.	Cognizable	Non-bailable	Court of Session.".
	(c) for the entries relating	ng to section 354, the foll	owing entries sha	ll be substituted,	namely:-
1	2	3	4	5	6

17

Ex-279/2013

354A	Sexual harassment of the nature of unwelcome physical contact and advances or a demand or request for sexual favours, showing pornography	Imprisonment which may extend to 3 years or with fine or with both.	Cognizable	Bailable	Any Magistrate	
	Sexual harassment of the nature of making sexually coloured remark	Imprisonment which may extend to 1 year or with fine or with both	Cognizable	Bailable	Any Magistrate	
	Person convicted of offence of trafficking of minor on more than one occasion	Imprisonment for life which shall mean the remainder of that person's natural life and with fine.	Cognizable	Non-bailable	Court of Session	
	Public servant or a police officer involved in trafficking of minor	Imprisonment for life which shall mean the remainder of that person's natural life and with fine.	Cognizable	Non-bailable	Court of Session	
370A	Explotation of a trafficked child.	Imprisonment for not less than 5 years but which may extend to 7 years and with fine.	Cognizable	Non-bailable	Court of Session	
	Exploitation of a trafficked person.	Imprisionment for not less than 3 years but which may extend to 5 years and with fine.	Cognizable	Non-bailable	Court of Session	
	(e) for the entries relating to sections 376, 376A, 376B, 376C and 376D, the following entries shall be substituted, namely:-					
1	2	3	4	5	6	
"376	Rape	Rigorous imprisonment of not less than 7 years but which may extend to imprisonment for life and with fine.	Cognizable	Non-bailable	Court of Session	

		19			EX-279/2013
	Rape by a police officer or a public sevant or member of armed forces or a person being on the management or on the staff of a jail, remand home or other place of custody or women's or children's institution or by a person on the management or on the staff of a hospital, and rape committed by a person in a position of trust or authority towards the person raped or by a near relative of the person raped	Rigorous imprisonment of not less than 10 years but which may extend to imprisonment for life which shall mean the remainder of that person's natural life and with fine.	Cognizable	Non-bailable	Court of Session
376A	Person committing an offence of rape and and inflicting injury which causes death or causes the woman to be in a persistent vegetative state.	Rigorous imprisonment of not less than 20 years but which may extend to imprisonment for life which shall mean imprisonment for the remainder of that person's natural life or with death.	Cognizable	Non-bailable	Court of Session
376B	Sexual intercourse by husband upon his wife during separation	Imprisonment for not less than 2 years but which may extend to 7 years and with fine.	Cognizable (but only on the complaint of the victim)	Bailable	Court of Session
376C	Sexual intercourse by a person in authority	Rigorous imprisonment for not less than 5 years but which may extend to 10 years and with fine.	Cognizable	Non-bailable	Court of Session

Ex-279/2013

Ex-279/2013		20			
376D	Gang rape	Rigorous imprisonment for not less than 20 years but which may extend to imprisonment for life which shall mean imprisonment for the remainder of that pereson's natural life and with fine to be paid to the victim.	Cognizable	Non-bailable	Court of Session
376E	Repeat offenders	Imprisonment for life which shall mean imprisonment for the remainder of that person's natural life or with death.	Cognizable	Non-bailable	Court of Session.".

(f) if entry relating to section 509, in column 3, for the words "Simple imprisonment for one year, or fine, or both,", the words and figure "Simple imprisonment for 3 years and with fine" shall be substituted.

	AMENDMENTS TO THE INDIAN EVIDENCE ACT, 1872	
1 of 1872	25. After section 53 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 (hereafter in this Chapter referred to as the Evidence Act), the following section shall be inserted, namely :-	Insertion of new section 53A
45 of 1860	"53A. In a prosecution for an offence under section 354, section 354A, section 354B, section 354C, section 354D, section 376A, section 376B, section 376C, section 376D, or section 376E of the Indian Penal Code or for attempt to commit any such offence, where the question of consent is in issue, evidence of the character of the victim or of such person's previous sexual experience with any person shall not be relevant on the issue of such consent or the quality of consent.".	Evidence of character or previous sexual experience not relevant in certain cases
	26. For section 114A of the Evidence Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :-	Substitution of new section for section 114A.
45 of 1860	'114A. In a prosecution for rape under clause (a), clause (b), clause (c), clause (d), clause (e), clause (f), clause (g), clause (h), clause (i), clause (j) clause (k), clause (l), clause (m), or clause (n) of sub-section (2) of section 376 of the Indian Penal Code, where sexual intercourse by the accused is proved and the question is whether it was without the consent of the woman alleged to have been reped and such woman states in her evidence before the court that she did not consent, the court shall presume that she did not consent.	Presumption as to absence of consent in certain prose- cution ror rape
45 of 1860	Explanation In this section, "sexual intercourse" shall mean any of the acts mentioned in clauses (a) to (d) of section 375 of the Indian Penal Code.'.	
	27. For section 119 of the Evidence Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :-	Substitution of new section for section 119.
	"119 A witness who is unable to speak may give his evi- dence in any other manner in which he can make it intelligible, as by writing or by signs; but such writing must be written and the signs made in open Court, evidence so given shall be deemed to be oral evicence:	Witness unable to communicate verbally.
	Provided that if the witness is unable to communicate ver- bally, the Court shall take the assistance of an interpreter or a special educator in recording the statement, and such statement shall be videographed.".	
	28. In section 146 of the Evidence Act, for the proviso, the following proviso shall be substituted, namely:-	
45 of 1860	"Provided that in a prosecution for an offence under section 376,section 376A, section 376B, section 376C,section 376D or sec- tion 376E of the Indian Penal Code or for attempt to commit any such offence, where the question of consent is an issue, it shall not be permissible to adduce evidence or to put questions in the cross- examination of the victim as to the general immoral character, or previous sexual experience, of such victim with any person for prov- ing such consent or the quality of consent.".	Amendment of section 146

21

CHAPTER IV

CHAPTER V AMENDMENT TO THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN FROM SEXUAL OFFENCES ACT, 2012

Substitution of new sections for section 42	29. For section 42 of the Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012, the following sections shall be substituted namely :-	3
Alternate punishment.	"42. Where an act or omission constitutes an offence pun- ishable under this Act and also under sections 166A, 354A, 354B, 354C 354D 370 370A 375 376 376A 376C 376D 376F or sec-	

C, 354D, 370, 370A, 375, 376, 376A, 376C, 376D, 376E or section 509 of the Indian Penal Code, then, notwitstanding anything contained in any law for the time being in force, the offender found guilty of such offence shall be liable to punishment under this Act or under the Indian Penal Code as provides for punishment which is greater in degree.

The provisions of this Act shall be in additon to and 42A. not in derogation of the provisions of any other law for the time being in force and, in case of any inconsistency, the provisions of this Act shall have overriding effect on the provisions of any such law to the extent of the inconsistency.".

CHAPTER VI MISCELLANEOUS

30. (1) The Criminal Law (Amendment) Ordinance, 2013 Ord.3 of 2013 is hereby repealed. (2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any ac-tion taken under the Indian Penal Code, the Code of Criminal Proce-45 of 1860 2 of 1974.

Repeal and savings

Act not in

derogation of

any other law.

dure, 1973 and the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, as amended by the said Ordinance, shall be deemed to have been done or taken under the corresponding provisions of those Acts, as amended by this Act.

> P.K. MALHOTRA, Secretary to the Govt. of India.

32 of 2012

45 of 1860

1 of 1872.

CORRIGENDA

In the Readjustment of Representation of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in Parliamentary and Assembly Constituencies Ordinance, 2013 (Ord. 2 of 2013) as published in Gazette of India,Extraordinary, Part II Section I, dated the 30th January,2013 (Issue No. 7):-

- 1. At page 1, in the long title, for "the inclusion", read "inclusion".
- 2. At page 2, in line 9, for "Sheduled", read "Scheduled".
- 3. At page 3,-(i) in line 31, for "disolution", *read* "dissolution"; (ii) in line 37, for "ommission", *read* "omission"; (iii) in line 40, for "expendient", *read* "expedient".

CORRIGENDA

The Criminal Law (Amendment) Ordinance, 2013 (Ord.3 of 2013) as published in the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, Part II, Section I, dated the 3rd February, 2013 (Issue No. 8):-

- 1. At page 11, in line 30, *for* "proviso", *read* "provi sos".
- 2. At page 15, in column 3 against section 354C, in line 38, for "year", read "years".
- 3. At page 16, in line 1, for "sections", read "section".